WRMP STATEMENT

20 Years after the 1995 Beijing Conference on Women;
to “Step-Up” Gender Equality:

We urge governments:

All states must uphold the principle of non-derogation by reforming and repealing all laws that undermine the right to life, liberty and dignity. Ensure accountability to all women and peoples;
Protect, promote, fulfil, and realise the individual and collective human rights of all peoples, especially the more vulnerable and marginalised. Strengthen the mandate of United Nations and other International Human Rights Organizations, Agencies and Offices.

We deplore that 20 years after the 1995 Beijing Conference, in most countries including the Philippines, gender inequality remains pervasive economically, politically and socially. Women continue to suffer from authoritarian and military regimes, increased militarisation, violence and armed conflicts, unlawful foreign interference, lack of fundamental freedoms and human rights violations, corruption and poor governance, development injustice, and discrimination. In most countries gender inequality is aided and abetted by formal institutions and structures of governance indicating lack of social protection, denial of basic information and communications infrastructure, environmental degradation, adverse impacts of climate change, and the systematic dispossession of women and other marginalized populace to land, water, energy, food, and other basic resources. “National development” or the usually touted “public –private partnership” continue to be used as a pretext for plundering and appropriating lands, territories, and resources owned by marginalized women and peoples, for private and corporate gain.

Women’s human rights are threatened and denied by regressive State policies that exploit women in the name of development. Women, girls, and other marginalized groups continue to be trafficked and subjected to sexual and gender-based violence that relegate them to abject lives without dignity and human rights. Pretentious and non-inclusive economic growth and labour markets have resulted in precarious jobs which negate the rights of workers, especially women, and including local and migrant workers, sex workers, domestic workers, and others in the informal sector. Unjust labor migration produces unsecured jobs and living wages which curtail workers rights to organise and form free and independent trade unions, collective bargaining, social security, occupational safety, access to safe and affordable health services, including sexual and reproductive health and rights, access to quality education, protection from violence, and an effective process for holding traffickers accountable.
Beijing+20 at CSW59

From 9-20 March 2015, the 59th session of the Commission on the Status of Women will review the landmark Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action

CONGRATULATIONS!!!! to the 50th Golden Anniversary of WOMEN'S RIGHTS MOVEMENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

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The WRMP STORY
The actual date of the Founders’ Conference was on the 2nd of February, 1964. From then on, the Women’s Rights Movement of the Philippines (WRMP) has done initiatives that have contributed to the transformation of the society and its institutions. The WRMP’s initiatives have been implemented in several countries around the globe.

INVITATION TO JOIN US IN OUR INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON GENDER JUSTICE AND THE POST-YOLANDA/HAIYAN GOVERNANCE REVIEW CONVENED BY THE PHILIPPINES LOCAL WOMEN’S CONSORTIUM ON GENDER AND CLIMATE JUSTICE. May 4-7, 2015, Tacloban, Leyte, Philippines
Contact: Secretariat: Ms. BettyLou Penera, mintjulepxxx@gmail.com or WRMP, Norma Lozano, UNAP Philippines

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